

INTRODUCTION AND APPLICATIONS OF HUMAN FACTORS IN PATIENT SAFETY

人因工程概念與應用

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Content



- 1) Self Introduction
- 2) Introduction of Human Factors
- 3) Relevant Discussion



1. Self Introduction

▶ 研究領域 – 人因工程 (Ergonomics/Human Factors)

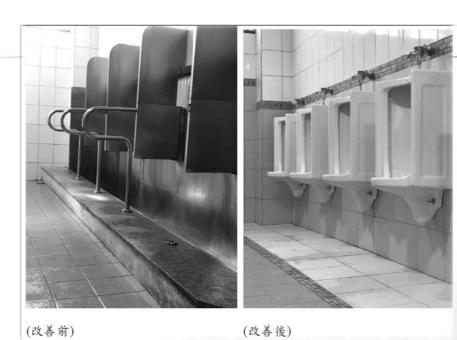
瞭解人員在環境下使用工具的行為、能力與限制 用以設計工具、設備、環境與服務,

達到提升效率、確保安全、增加滿意度。



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IO EAR IS HAWAN



(9) 提供無障礙空間,並巡查床旁及動線有無障礙物。

(10) 改善男廁小便斗台階高低差小便池,以壁式小便斗取代

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1. Self Introduction

> 研究方向

- □手控制移動之研究與應用
- □人因工程於醫療系統
- □觸覺認知能力之量測
- □眼睛狀態與疲勞評估方法
- □優使性工程/使用者經驗
- \Box AI



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1. Self Introduction

> Two-year experience with JCT

- □運用人因及風險觀點檢視「雙重核對作業」
 - ❖「手術異物滯留-計數作業」
 - ❖「高警訊藥品靜脈注射給作業」
 - ❖「輸血作業」(5)
- □中小型醫院運用人因及風險概念檢視醫療作業輔導(5)
- □運用人因及風險概念檢視「降血糖針劑給藥作業」(5)

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▶ 人因工程 (Ergonomics/Human Factors)

瞭解人員在環境下使用工具的行為、能力與限制 用以設計工具、設備、環境與服務, 達到提升效率、確保安全、增加滿意度。



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2. Introduction of Human Factors

▶ 人因工程 (Ergonomics/Human Factors)



https://formaspace.com/articles/office-furniture/benefits-of-ergonomicsworkplace/





This rare hand axe was fashioned out of flint by Neanderthals over 40,000 years ago and discovered from a very important archeological site in Caen, France.

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a finger rest on the outside edge





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> 人因設計之演化

http://www.franzbrown.com/pla ins-indian/lewisandclarkteacher/artifact_pages/29_foo d_with_buffalo_bone_farming_ tools.htm







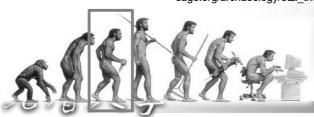


http://www.age-of-the-sage.org/archaeology/otzi_the_iceman.html

http://bennauro.blogspot. com/2008/05/ancientflint-tools-animalremains.html

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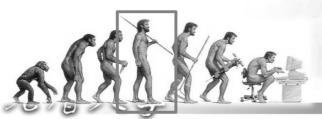
> 人因設計之演化



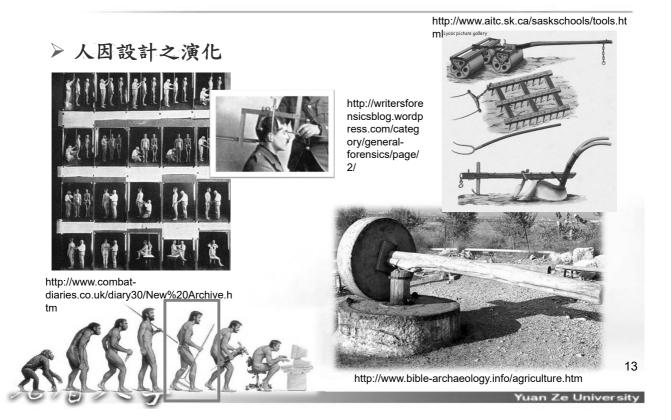


http://listverse.com/2011/12/10 /top-10-unusual-ancientweapons/

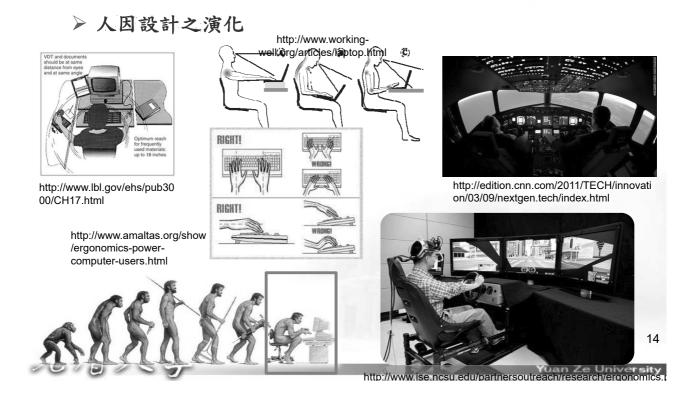
http://www.verycd.com/topics/4111/







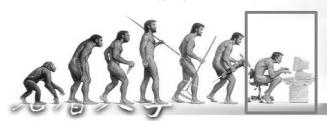
2. Introduction of Human Factors



> 人因設計之演化



http://blog.marketlab.com/2016/04/2 5/5-ways-better-manage-blood-draw-workload/#.Wi8saN-WZKM





http://blog.marketlab.com/2016/07/11/2016ergonomicshealthcare-preventing-phlebotomist-injuries/#.Wi8tEt-WZKM



https://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/hospital/ hazards/ergo/ergoequipment/ergoequip.html Yuan Ze University

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2. Introduction of Human Factors

> 人因工程相關名詞

□人性化

❖霹靂車,尖端科技的結晶,是一部人性化的萬能電腦車,出現 在我們這個無奇不有的世界,刀槍不入、無所不能...



http://edgar.bitdevil.net/archives/000664.html



> 人因工程相關名詞

□科技始終來自於人性



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2. Introduction of Human Factors

> 人因工程相關名詞

□人體工學



http://big5.thethirdmedia.com/g2b.aspx/bbs.thethirdmedia.com/group/show109164t0p1.html

http://www.savesafe.com.tw/Products/ ProductView.aspx?s_id=68acfebefad9 0a7e14d94aa647413f02

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- > 人因工程相關名詞
 - □工適設計
 - □貼心設計
 - □ 優使性/可用性(usability)
 - □使用者中心設計(user-centered design)
 - □使用者經驗(user experience)



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2. Introduction of Human Factors

▶ 人因工程 (Ergonomics/Human Factors)

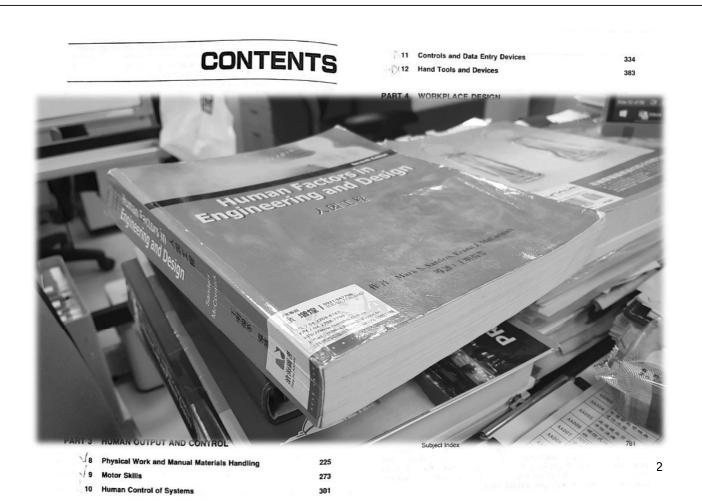
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> 人因工程的範疇

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> 人因工程的範疇

- □ 實體人因 (Physical Human Factors)
- □ 認知人因 (Cognitive Human Factors)
- □ 組織人因 (Organizational Human Factors)
- □ 感性人因 (Kensai Engineering/Attractive Human Factors)



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2. Introduction of Human Factors

> 人因工程的範疇

- □ 實體人因 (Physical Human Factors)
 - ❖是研究或應用與實體活動有關的知識,如顯示器與控制器的設計安排、人體解剖、人體計測、人體生理以及生物力學等方面的特性。
 - ❖而其相關議題包括:工作姿勢、物料搬運、重複性工作、工作 所引起的肌肉骨骼問題、工作空間配置以及安全與健康...







http://web1.nsc.gov.tw/ct.as px?xltem=7934&ctNode=9



http://proporzionedivina.blog spot.com/2009/06/nonergon omic-lateral/stabilin/in html/en

> 人因工程的範疇

□ 實體人因 (Physical Human Factors)

This is a killer for your

back

in here we're protected

by a



http://www.hospitalmanagement.net/cont ractors/general/linet/attachment/linet2/

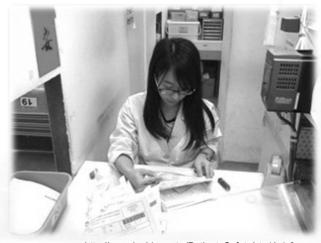
https://www.imagekin d.com/art/stunning/h ospital-bed/artworkon/fine-art-prints

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2. Introduction of Human Factors

- > 人因工程的範疇
 - □ 實體人因 (Physical Human Factors)



http://www.kmhk.org.tw/Patient_Safety/st_1/p1-2.asp

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> 人因工程的範疇

□ 實體人因 (Physical Human Factors)



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2. Introduction of Human Factors

> 人因工程的範疇

- □ 認知人因 (Cognitive Human Factors)
 - ❖是研究或應用與人類心智活動有關的知識或技巧,這些知識或技巧會影響人類之間或人與其他組件間的交互作用,如知覺、記憶、推理及決策。
 - ❖而其相關議題包括:工作的心智負荷、技術之養成、人與電腦 交互作用、人類可靠性以及工作壓力與訓練...





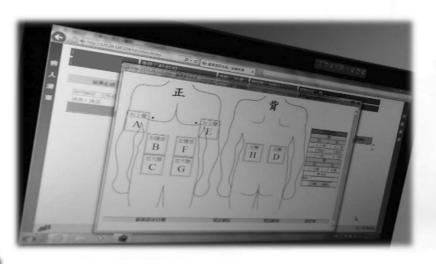
http://archlab.gmu.edu/People/rpa rasur/Research.shtml 28

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mtion_memory/

> 人因工程的範疇

□ 認知人因 (Cognitive Human Factors)

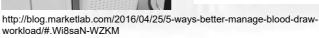


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> 人因工程的範疇

□ 認知人因 (Cognitive Human Factors)







> 人因工程的範疇

□ 認知人因 (Cognitive Human Factors)



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http://m.168xd.com/news/70.htm

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> 人因工程的範疇

□ 認知人因 (Cognitive Human Factors)



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> 人因工程的範疇

□ 認知人因 (Cognitive Human Factor





nttps://www.itnome.com.tw/news/92917

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2. Introduction of Human Factors

> 人因工程的範疇

- □ 組織人因 (Organizational Human Factors)
 - ❖是研究或應用社會技術系統的最佳化(optimization of sociotechnical systems)之知識與技術,如組織結構、政策及歷程(從研究個人推廣至多人)。

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> 人因工程的範疇

- □ 組織人因 (Organizational Human Factors)
 - ❖而其相關議題包括:溝通、飛航組員資源管理、工作設計,工作時間安排、團隊工作、參與式設計、社區人因工程、合作式工作、新工作典範、組織文化以及虛擬組織...



http://healthwiseeverythinghealth.blogspot.co m/2010/04/surprises-aboutemergency-room-use.html

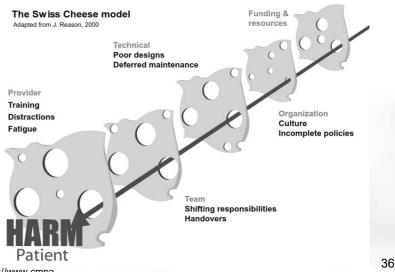
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2. Introduction of Human Factors

- > 人因工程的範疇
 - □ 組織人因 (Organizational Human Factors)





https://www.cmpaacpm.ca/serve/docs/ela/goodpracticesguide/pages/adverse_events/Quality_improveme nt/systems_thinking-e.html

> 人因工程的範疇

□ 感性人因 (Kensai Engineering/Attractive Human Factors)

❖感性工學是探討產品與消費者感受相關議題的一門學問。







http://www.qfdi.org/workshop_kansei.html

http://newvaluestreams.com/wordpress/?p=151

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2. Introduction of Human Factors

> 人因工程的範疇

□ 感性人因 (Kensai Engineering/Attractive Human Factors)

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https://www.gvm.com.tw/article.html?id=20482

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http://www.twwiki.com/wiki/%E9%86%AB%E6 %82%A3%E7%B3%BE%E7%B4%9B

3. Relevant Discussion

> 議題

- □ 跌倒 (6組)
- □給藥錯誤(3組)
- □鼻胃管(1組)
- □疫苗管理(1組)



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3. Relevant Discussion

- 1. The need to identify patients at risk of falls including those admitted because of a fall.
- 2. The need to improve the management of patients following a fall.
- 3. The need to improve equipment standards.
- 4. The need to reduce environmental risk.
- 5. The need to raise organizational and staff awareness of falls.



Brandis S (1999) A collaborative occupational therapy and nursing approach to falls prevention in hospital inpatients. J Qual Clin Pract **19**, 215-20.

Table 2. Intrinsic and extrinsic factors.

Intrinsic/Endogenous (patient)	Extrinsic/Exogenous (environment)
Age (older than 65 years)§,** Functional and mobility issues e.g. strength, balance, gait and mobility problems;,§,¶, ,**,;†;	Bed rails‡ Improper bed height‡ Attachment to equipment: catheter,
Visual and/or hearing impairment‡,§,¶,**	ECG leads, IVs, oxygen, chest tubes** Ill-fitting footwear*,†,¶
Cognitive impairment, confusion‡,§,¶,**,†† Medicine use: taking four or more	Slippery/wet floors*, \ddagger ,¶, \dagger † Poor lighting*, \dagger , \ddagger , \S ,¶, \dagger †
medications‡,§,¶, ,**,††	Lack of safety equipment§,¶,††
Postural hypotension, dizziness, vertigo‡,§,¶,**	Environmental markings*
Urinary incontinence or frequency§	Equipment mobility*
Fear of falling§	Doorway and furniture design*

^{*}Leighbody et al. 1985.

- †Anon 1996.
- ‡Rubenstein et al. 1996.
- §Accidental Injury Task Force 2001.
- ¶Department of Health 2001.

||National Institute for Clinical Excellence 2004.

- **Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations 2004a.
- ††American Geriatrics Society 2001.



Hignett S, Masud T (2006) A review of environmental hazards associated with in-patient falls. Ergonomics **49**, 605-16.

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Thank you for your attention!

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Questions & Answers

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